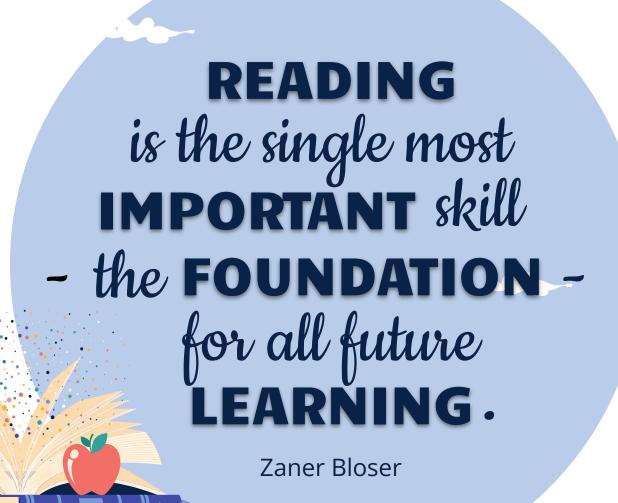


**April 19, 2023** 













### **PROCESS**

- 1. Direction from the Board
- Teacher and Principal leaders from grade-level Curriculum & Assessment committees
- 3. Discussed Science of Reading findings and alignment with current curriculum and assessment materials
- 4. Identified needs and next steps

## COMMITTEE

Susan Begg, Banyan Elementary
Connie Fullerton, Banyan Elementary
Karen Henige, Wildwood Elementary
Jenelle Hogue, Walnut Elementary
Brynn Hutchison, Elementary TOSA
Mary Beth Stovall, Elementary TOSA
Megan Triplett, Lang Ranch Elementary
Erica Ultreras, Conejo Elementary

### **THANK YOU!**







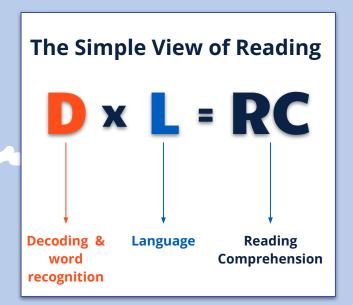
## **OUR RESPONSIBILITIES**

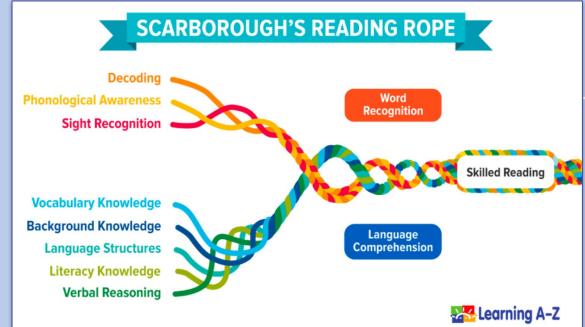
- \*Reading is not natural; it can and must be **taught**.
- \*Background knowledge is as critical to comprehension skills as decoding skills.
- ★ Foundational skills instruction must be **systematic** and **explicit**, beginning with sounds.
- Instruction must be **engaging**, through multiple modes and senses.
- ★ Science-based reading instruction reduces the need for intervention, and allows children to move forward as capable, confident learners.





# THE SCIENCE OF READING



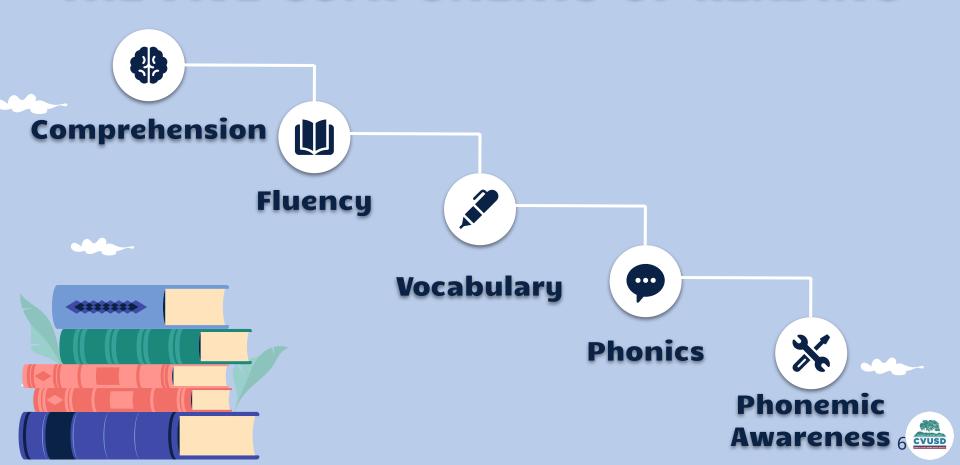








## THE FIVE COMPONENTS OF READING



## **WONDERS CURRICULUM**

"Drawing upon decades of literacy research, we built *Wonders* to deliver high-quality literacy instruction backed by the Science of Reading. Our program is underpinned by the findings of preeminent reading researchers - because modern classrooms should be served by proven instructional practices." - McGraw-Hill

### Foundational Skills

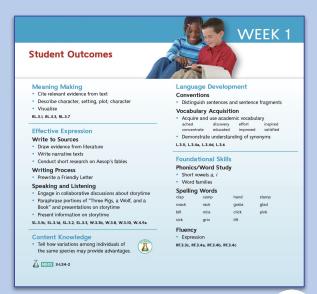
- Phonics, Word Study, Spelling
- High Frequency Words
  - Fluency
- Decodable Text

### Language Development

- Conventions
- Vocabulary Acquisition

### Meaning Making

- Reading Comprehension
  - Skills and Strategies





# Phonemic Awareness

The ability to hear, identify, and manipulate the individual units of sound



### Kindergarten



#### Phoneme Isolation

1 Model Display the Photo Card for insect. Lister for the sound at the beginning of this word: insect. Say the sound with me: /iii/. Insect has /i/ at the beginning. Say it, is, in and have children repeat Emphasize phoneme /i/.



Photo Card

- Let's play a song. Listen for words with /i/ at the beginning. Play
  "Kim Hears an Insect" and have children listen for /i/. Let's listen to
  the song again and clap when we hear words that begin with /i/.
  Play and/or sing the letter song again, encouraging children to join
  in. Have children clap hands when they hear a word that begins
- @ Guided Practice/Practice Display and name each Photo Card: inch, inchworm, invitation. Say each picture name with me. Tell me the sound at the beginning of the word. Guide practice with the first word.



Photo Card:

# Mins Mins

#### **Phonemic Awareness**

#### **Phoneme Blending**

- 1 Model Place markers on the Response Board to represent sounds. Show children how to orally blend phonemes. I'm going to put one marker in each box as I say each sound. Then I will blend the sounds to form a word. Place a marker for each sound you say: /s/ ii/ /t/. The word has three sounds: /s/ /ii/ /t/. Listen as I blend these sounds to form a word: /sssiiit/, sit. The word is sit.
- Q Guided Practice/Practice Let's do some together. Using your own boards, place a marker for each sound you hear. I will say one sound at a time. Then we will blend the sounds to say the word. Do the first three with children.

tip time nine bin

like bite

Pili

live

Grade 2





- Model Display Word-Building Cards t, a, p. Model how to blend the sounds. This is the letter t. It stands for /t/. This is the letter a. It stands for /a/. The letter p stands for /p/. Listen as I blend these sounds together: /taaap/. Say it with me. Repeat with the word kid. Continue by modeling the words rap, sip, bag, and bin.
- Quided Practice/Practice Display the Day 1 Phonics Practice Activity. Read each word in the first row, blending the sounds, for example, /kaaat/. The word is cat. Have children blend each word with you. Prompt children to read the connected text, sounding out the decodable words.

kid cat can his big map pad lid rib cab did fin had tab pass win did rat pan It is a fat cat. Max is big like Tim. Pam can mix in a big pan. **Phonics Practice** 

#### Blend Words with Long a

- Model Display Word-Building Cards r, a, i, n. Model how to blend the sounds. This is the letter r. It stands for /r/. Together the letters a and i stand for /ā/. This is the letter n. It stands for /n/. Listen as I blend these sounds together: /rrrāāān/. Say it with me. Continue by modeling the words stray, great, vein, and they.
- 2 Guided Practice/Practice Display the Day 1 Phonics Practice Activity. Read each word in the first row, blending the sounds, for example /sssnnnääälll/. The word is snail. Have children blend each word with you. Prompt children to read the connected text, sounding out the decodable words.

snail	may	trains	hey	hay	great		
weigh	bay	ways	gain	steak	prey		
paid	stray	weights	braid	raid	play		
shame	shred	thrive	graph	strain	spray		
He paid the bill that came in the mail.							

The strange dog ate the steak.

We weigh the grain and then pay the man.

Also online

Phonics Practice

#### Grade 1

#### Grade 2

### Phonics/Fluency



#### r-Controlled Vowels

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common wowel teams.

Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.

readings.
Rate: 82-102 WCPM

#### 1 Explain

Display the Shirf Sound-Spelling Card and discuss the spellings er, ir, ur, and ear. Explain that when a vowel is followed by r, the r changes the vowel's sound. Point to each spelling on the card and provide a sample word for each, such as her, firm, and burn. Tell students that the ear spelling is also an r-controlled vowel. Provide the sample word earn and point out the ear spelling.

#### 2 Model

Write *her*, *firm*, *burn*, and *earn* on the board. Underline the *r*-controlled vowel spelling in each word and model blending the words. Run your finger under each word as you sound it out.

**Grade 3** 



## **Phonics**

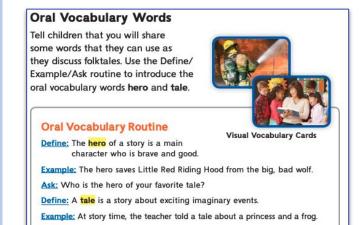
The relationship between the letters (or letter combinations) in written language and the individual sounds in spoken language







Refers to words we need to know to communicate with others, Closely connected to comprehension, the understanding of words and word meanings



Grade 1



#### **Grade 3**

Ask: What is your favorite tale?

#### **Build Fluency: Word Automaticity**

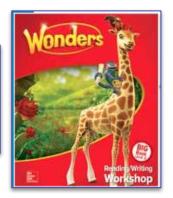
Have children read the following sentences aloud together at the same pace. Repeat several times.

Can you see any ducks from the bridge?

I am happy, so I smile a lot.

Once upon a time five mice ran a race.





### Fluent Reading Checklist

- ★ Read smoothly and pronounce words correctly
- \* Read sentences in chunks and phrases
- ★ Emphasize important words
- ☆ Pause at commas and periods
- change your voice to show a question or to show strong feeling at an exclamation point
- Read dialogue the way someone might speak



The ability to read as well as we speak, and to make sense of the text without having to stop and decode each word; reading with accuracy, appropriate rate, and prosody (expression)

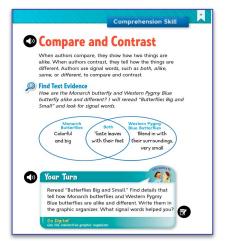
Student fluency is measured in correct words per minute on a grade level passage.





# Comprehension

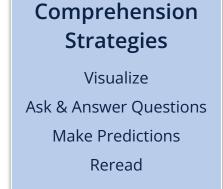
Constructing meaning that is reasonable and accurate by connecting what has been read to what the reader already knows

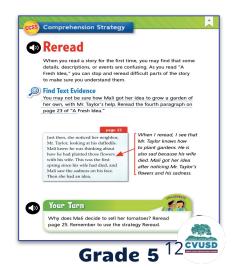


#### **Grade 3**

# Comprehension Skills

Character, Sequence, Cause and Effect, Main Idea and Details, Theme, Point of View, Compare and Contrast, Problem and Solution, etc.





# **English Language Development**

### **Designated ELD**

Instruction provided during a protected time in the regular school day for focused instruction on the state-adopted ELD standards (CDE)

### **Integrated ELD**

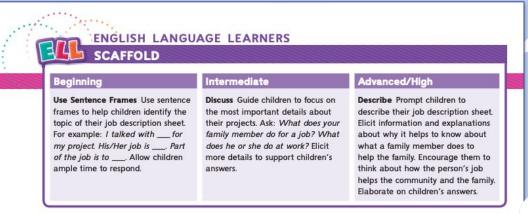
ELD standards are used in tandem with the state-adopted academic content standards (CDE)



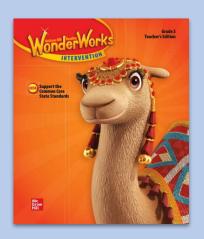
#### **Sound Transfers**

This chart indicates areas in which a positive or approximate transfer of sounds occurs for English learners from their native languages into English. It also shows sounds that students can produce even when there is no equivalent in the native language.

IPA	Sound Transfers	Spanish	Cantonese	Vietnamese		
Consonants						
b	/b/ as in bat	~		•		
k	/k/ as in cat, kitten, peck	~	~	•		
d	/d/ as in dog	~	•	•		
f	/f/ as in farm	~	~	~		
g	/g/ as in girl	~	•			
h	/h/ as in ham	~	~	~		
dз	/j/ as in jet, page, ledge					



# SPECIALIZED ACADEMIC INSTRUCTION





Helps ensure student access to the same content, skills, strategies, and knowledge building as the core program by offering instructional on-ramps and acceleration



### Sonday

Uses a direct, explicit, multisensory, structured, sequential, diagnostic, and prescriptive way to teach literacy in small-group settings



## **ASSESSMENT**

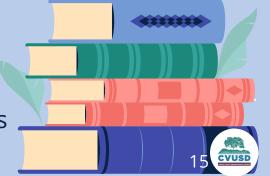
### **TK-2**

Standards-based assessments that measure the components of reading

3-5

Weekly skills tests, benchmark exams, trimester assessments & SBAC

- tudents' exact spot on the "staircase"
- \*\*Assessments in TK-2 tell us what skills students need
- TK-2 report cards and assessments align with the Science of Reading
- r. 3-5 transition to reading to learn, with some students continuing to need intervention in foundational skills.

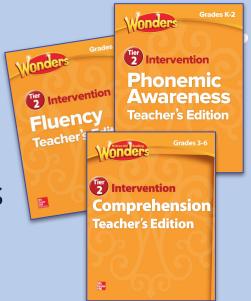


## **Updated 3rd Grade Benchmark Results**

	Unit 1	Unit 4	
Student Group	Proficient or Higher	Proficient or Higher	Percent Growth
All Students	76%	81%	5%
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	57%	72%	15%
Students w/ Disabilities	53%	65%	12%
Asian	76%	93%	17%
Black or African American	65%	70%	5%
Hispanic or Latino	62%	60%	-2%
White	66%	71%	5%
English Learner	41%	64%	23%

## INTERVENTION

Small groups focused on specific areas as identified by assessments









### **OUR NEXT STEPS**



- Phonics intervention materials
- Universal Phonics supplemental materials and guidance



# Professional Development

- Science of Reading and Literacy
- New teachers, upper grade teachers
- Continued Wonders training

# Additional Integration

- Upper grade intervention
- Summer Learning Camp
- Expanded LearningOpportunities Program(ELO-P)



# Delivering on the PROMISE of EDUCATION starts with the mastery of the most FUNDAMENTAL foundational skill the ABILITY to READ.

Laura Stewart

The Science of Reading - Evidence for a New Era of Reading Instruction





